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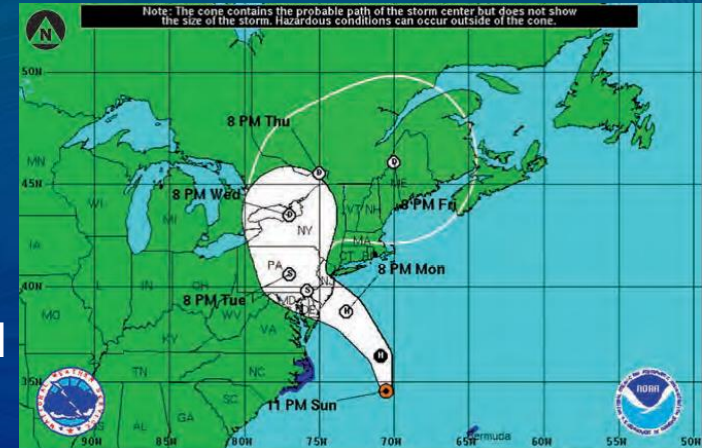
February 18-19, 2015

NIST Community Resilience Program – Fourth Stakeholder Workshop

Stephen A. Cauffman
Manager, Community Resilience Program

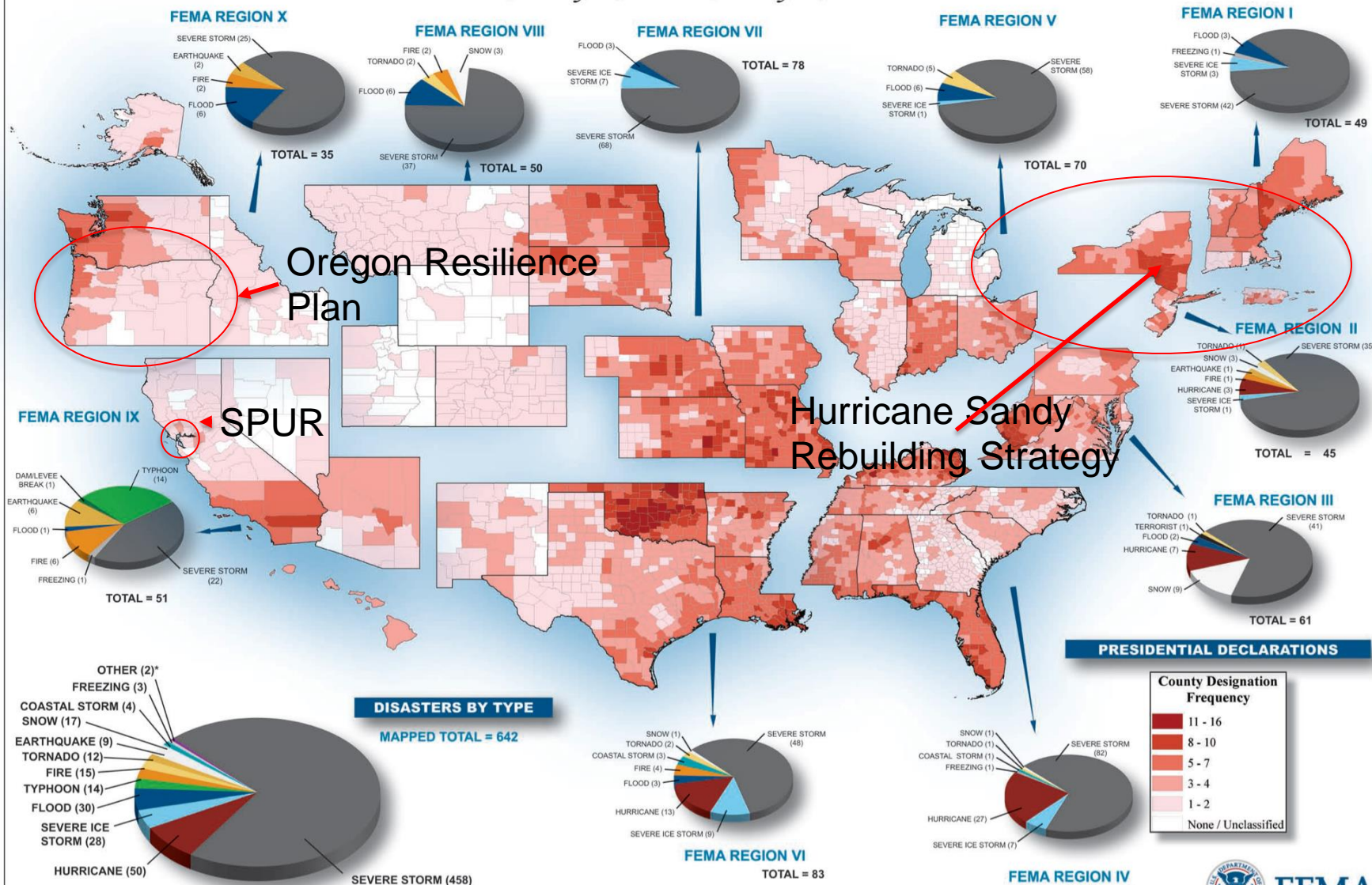
What is the Problem?

- Natural and man-made disasters cause an estimated \$57B in average annual costs.
- Superstorm Sandy caused over \$65B in losses.
- Large single events can cause losses exceeding \$100B.
- Current approach of response and rebuilding is impractical and inefficient for dealing with natural disasters.
- Planning does not account for interconnected nature of buildings and infrastructure, nor for the affect on social institutions.
- Changing nature of hazards is not always considered.



PRESIDENTIAL DISASTER DECLARATIONS

January 10, 2000 to January 28, 2011



* Other Includes: Dam/Levee

45 to 81 Presidential Disaster Declarations are made every year



FEMA

What is Disaster Resilience?

- The term "resilience" means the ability to *prepare for* and *adapt to* changing conditions and *withstand* and *recover rapidly* from disruptions*
- In the context of community resilience, the emphasis is not solely on mitigating risk, but implementing measures to ensure that the community recovers to normal, or near normal *function*, in a reasonable timeframe.

*As defined in Presidential Policy Directive 21.



Community Needs Drive Functional Requirements for Buildings and Infrastructure



- The effects of hazards often result in damage to buildings and infrastructure.
- The consequences are felt in the social and economic systems and can have far-reaching effects.



Community Resilience for the Built Environment

- Natural hazards
- Manmade hazards
- Degradation
- Climate change



- Performance Goals
- Mitigation
- Response
- Recovery

Goal: Limit disruption to a tolerable duration for an expected (design level) event, and minimize detrimental effects to the community.



Attributes of Resilience

- **Functionality** – Resilience should be based on the ability of social systems to resume function within a prescribed period of time following an expected event. Buildings and infrastructure must be functional to support these social systems.
- **Dependencies** – Resilience must consider the dependencies of buildings and infrastructure *and* the relationship of individuals and organizations with the built environment.

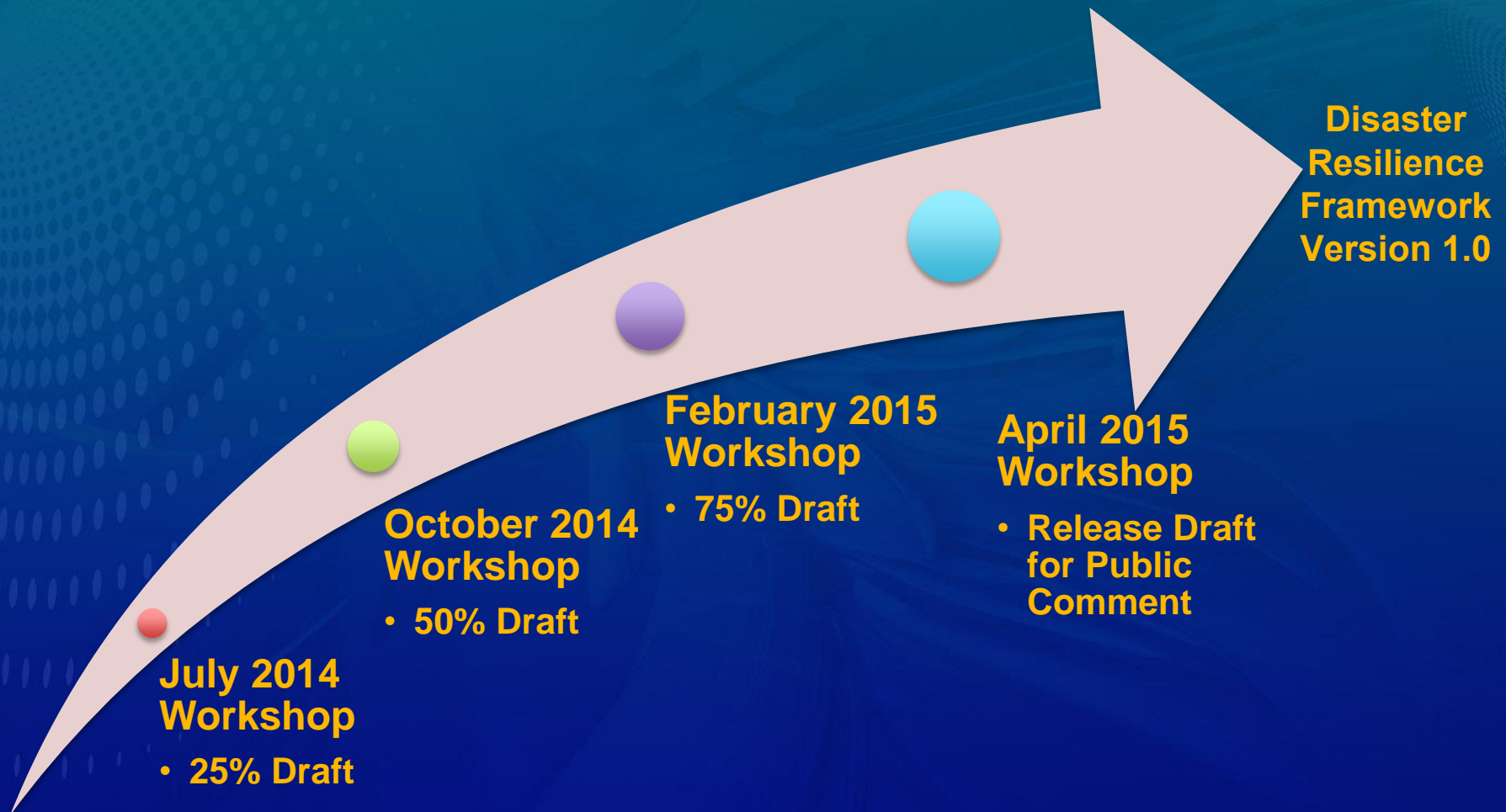


Attributes of Resilience (Cont.)

- Three levels of hazard
 - Routine
 - Expected (design level)
 - Extreme
- Time basis – Resilient performance will require a timescale for when buildings and infrastructure need to be returned to service to meet social needs.
- Three phases of recovery for resilience
 - Short Term (Days)
 - Intermediate (Weeks)
 - Long-Term (Months/Years)



Framework Development Process



Workshop Agenda

Wednesday, February 18

- 8:30-9:15 Opening Session
- 9:30-10:15 Plenary – Disaster Resilience Framework Overview
- 10:15-10:30 Break
- 10:30-12:15 Plenary – Disaster Resilience Framework Overview - Continued
- 12:15-1:15 Lunch Break
- 1:15-2:15 Plenary Speaker – Laurie Johnson
Foundational Elements of Community Disaster Resilience, Pre-, and Post-Disaster
- 2:15-2:30 Transition to Breakouts
- 2:15-5:00 Breakout 1: Framework and DRSP
- 5:00 Adjourn



Workshop Agenda

Thursday, February 19

8:00-8:30 Community Resilience Center of Excellence Announcement

8:30-10:00 Plenary – **Planning and Implementation for Community Resilience**

10:15-10:30 Break

10:30-12:00 Breakout 1: Planning and Implementation

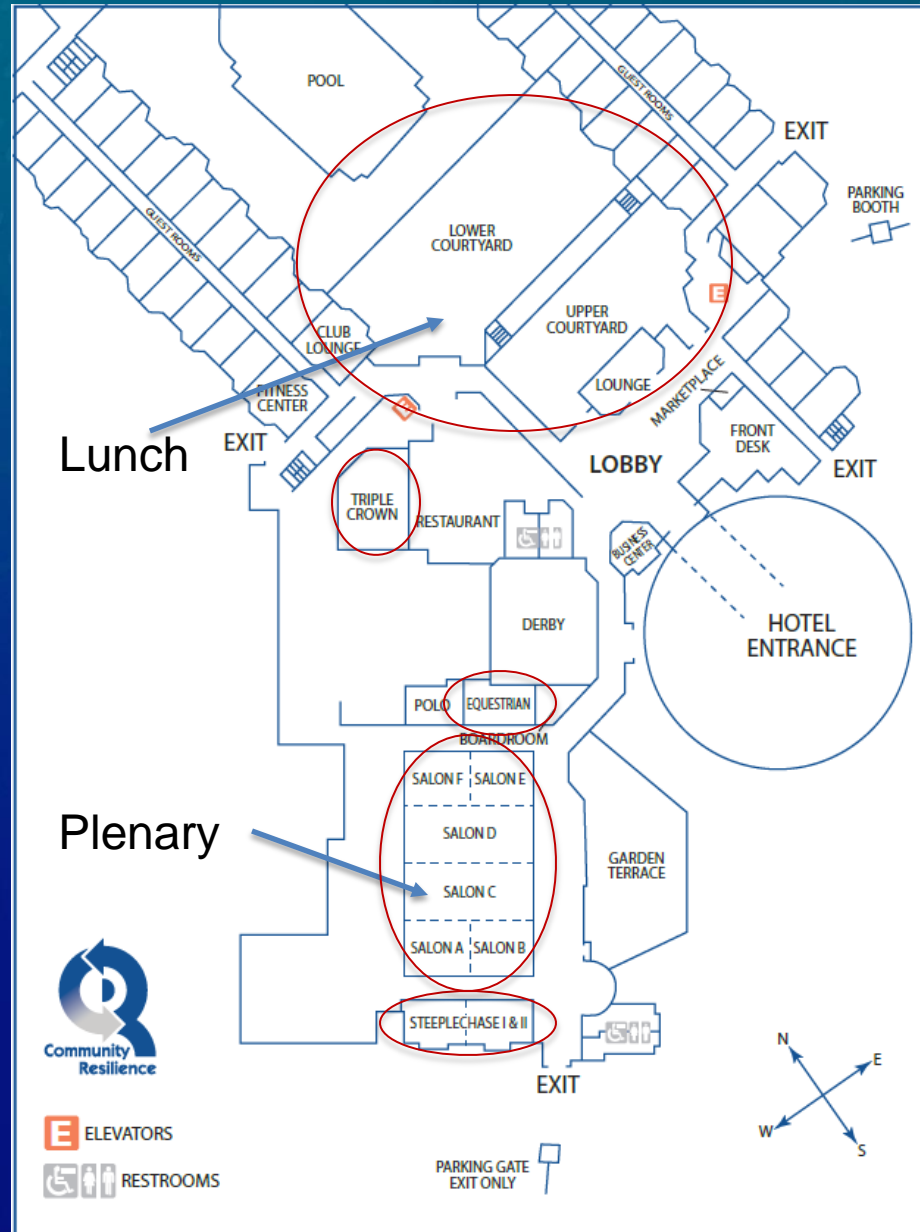
12:00-1:00 Lunch Break

1:00-2:15 Final Report out and Wrap up

2:15 Adjourn



Event Locations



Breakout Session Locations

1. Community Resilience – Equestrian
2. Buildings – Salon E
3. Transportation – Salon A
4. Power and Energy Systems – Salon B
5. Water and Wastewater Systems – Salon D
6. Communications – Salon F
7. Social Aspects of Resilience Steeple Chase II
8. Resilience Metrics – Steeple Chase I
9. Disaster Resilience Standards Panel – Triple Crown



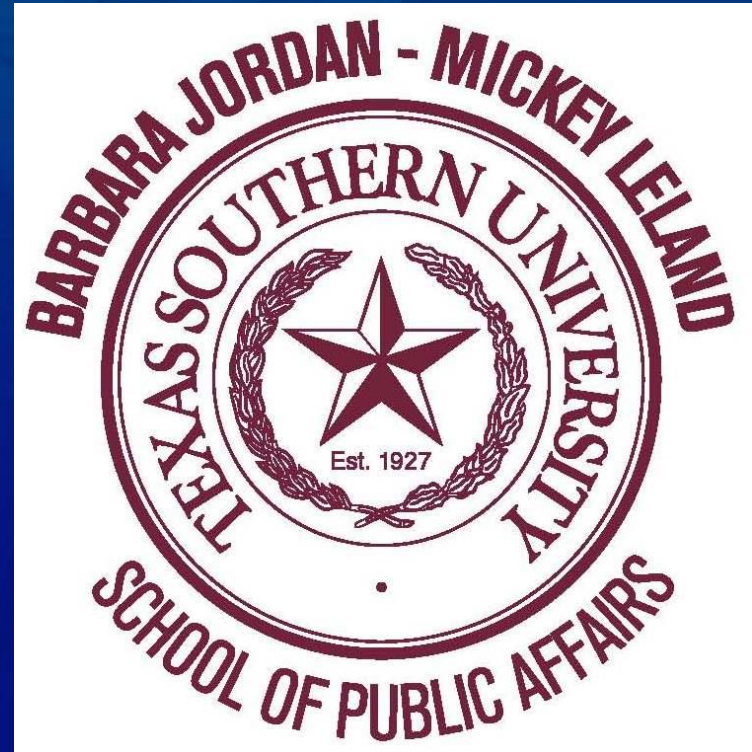
A Successful Workshop will...

- Gather final input on the Disaster Resilience Framework Draft
- Engage you as stakeholders for continued input
- Develop interest for membership in the DRSP



April Workshop

- Purpose: Release of Draft Disaster Resilience Framework for public comment
- Venue: Texas Southern University, Houston, Texas
- Date: April 27, 2015



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Questions?

